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Centre for Excellence in Transportation Infrastructure (CETI)  
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# 2023 OAPC ASPHALT TECHNICAL SYMPOSIUM (ATS)

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# 2023 OAPC ASPHALT TECHNICAL SYMPOSIUM (ATS)

## Developing High RAP Mixtures Using International Experiences: Literature Review

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1. Impacts of RAP on Mix Properties and Performance
2. International Experiences



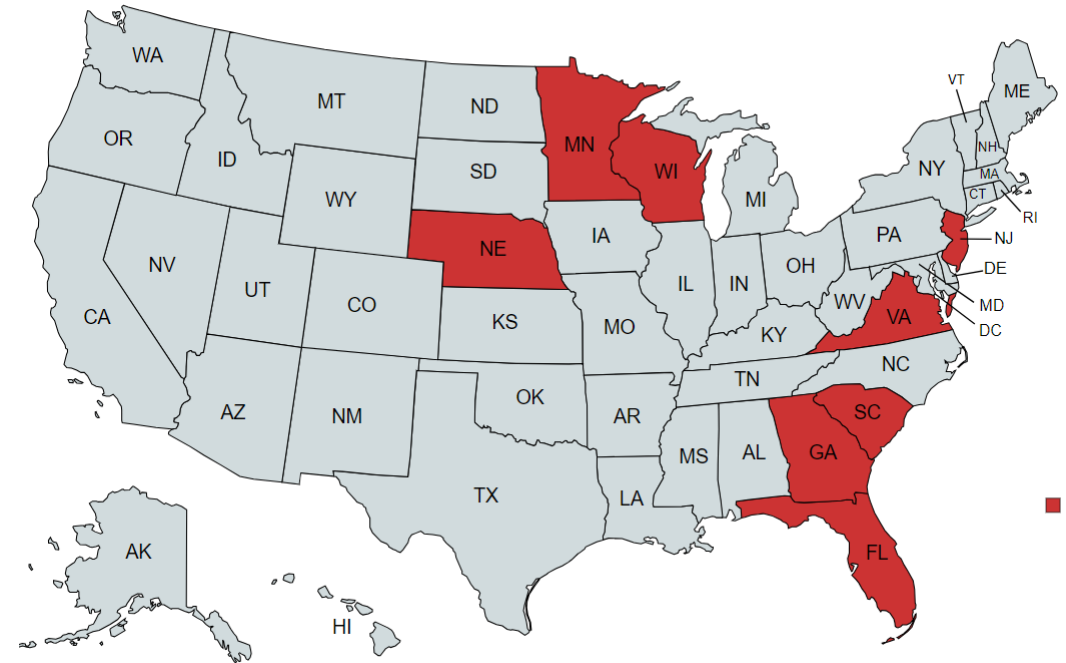
Japan



Sweden

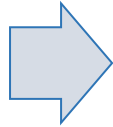


Switzerland

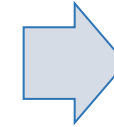


# Key to Success

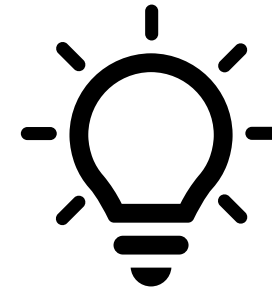
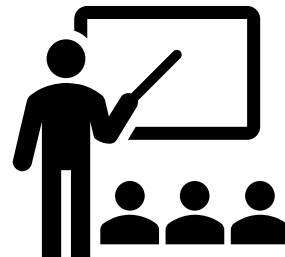
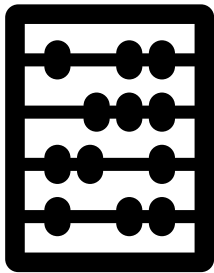
Proper Data  
Collection



Education

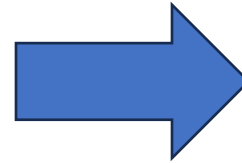


Fundamental  
Understanding



# Major Findings

1. **RAP Handling Characterization**
  - AC Content and Gradation
  - Fractionation and Stockpile Management
2. **Performance Testing**
  - Verifying Design Changes
3. **Mix Design Changes**
  - Increasing AC content



**RECOMMENDATIONS**

# State DOT RAP use Requirements

DOT RAP Use Requirements	FDOT	NDOT	NJDOT	SCDOT	WisDOT	WSDOT
% RAP Criteria	X	X	X			X <sup>7</sup>
RBR Criteria	X <sup>1</sup>			X	X	X
% RAS Criteria			X	X	X	X
Specifications Used by Others	X	X		X	X	X
Lift Location Criteria	X	X	X	X	X	
Traffic Criteria	X			X	X	X
Specialty Mixture Criteria	X		X	X	X	X
Binder Type Criteria	X	X		X		X
Softer Binder by Grade Bump	X	X	X <sup>5</sup>			
Softer Binder by Blending Chart			X <sup>5</sup>		X	X
Softer Binder by PG of Blend			X <sup>5</sup>		X	X
Recycling Agent Additive		X	X <sup>5</sup>			X
WMA Additive	X	X	X <sup>5</sup>	X	X	X
Additional Asphalt at Design		X	X	X	X	
Additional Asphalt at Acceptance			X	X	X	
Gsb for RAP Aggregates					X	X
Mixture Performance Test(s)			X	X <sup>4</sup>		X
Pay for Binder Separately		X		X		
RAP Fractionation	X <sup>2</sup>			X <sup>2</sup>	X <sup>2</sup>	
RAP QC Plan	X		X	X		
Dedicated RAP Stockpiles	X <sup>3</sup>			X <sup>6</sup>		

<sup>1</sup>Contractor option for RAP over 20 percent, but RBR may not exceed 0.20;

<sup>2</sup>Contractor option, use may be greater for FRAP than RAP;

<sup>3</sup>Contractor option;

<sup>4</sup>APA rutting test only;

<sup>5</sup>Contractor option to meet performance test criteria;

<sup>6</sup>If not fractionated;

<sup>7</sup>RAS percent specified but overruled by RBR.

# RAP Characterization

- Focus on gradation and binder content and regular testing of RAP stockpile
- Some jurisdictions use binder penetration/PG grade
  - Japan tests compacted samples using Indirect Tensile Strength because of increase in use of PMA
- Georgia:

*If ranges in asphalt content and gradation are equal to or less than:*

% asphalt cement	≤ 0.65	0.66 - 0.90	0.91 - 1.00	1.01 - 1.20	1.21 - 1.30	> 1.30
% passing No 200 Sieve	≤ 5.0	5.1 - 7.0	7.1 - 7.75	7.76 - 8.0	8.1 - 8.8	> 8.8
% passing control sieves	≤ 8.0	8.1 - 13	13.1 - 18	13.1 - 18	18.1 - 20.0	> 20.0

the maximum % RAP allowed is:

Max	35%	30%	25%	20%	15%
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# RAP Processing

South Carolina  
SC-M-407:

Type of Mix	Maximum % Aged Binder from RAP and RAS	
	Non Fractionated RAP	Fractionated RAP
Surface A	-	15
Surface B	15	25
Surface C**	20	30
Surface D**	20	30
Surface E	-	30*
PMTLSC	15	30*
Intermediate A	-	15
Intermediate B	20	30
Intermediate C**	25	35
Base A**	30	35
Base B**	30	35
Base C	-	35*
Base D	-	35*
Shoulder Widening**	30	45

\*Fractionated Fine Rap only

\*\* RAS permitted

# Mix Design Changes

- Anything that increases AC content
- May require multiple changes to make sufficient changes to performance
- List from report summary:
  - Decreasing design gyrations
  - Using finer gradations
  - Decreasing the nominal maximum aggregate size
  - Increasing the minimum VMA
  - Decreasing the design target air voids
  - Corrective Optimum Asphalt Content (COAC)
  - Changing the RAP binder replacement ratio

# Performance Testing

- Allows for fundamental evaluation of mix ideas if done properly
- Lessons learned can be adopted into specification
- Potential for performance testing criteria
  
- Allows for transparent sharing of information to rebuild trust between owners and contractors

# Major Recommendations

- Pooled fund, multi-year studies
- Begin with following mix design changes:
  - Lowering Gyration
  - Increase minimum VMA
  - Finer Gradations
  - Corrective Optimum Asphalt Cement Content
- Incorporating RAP QC plan into second phase of third-party certification process (Trillium Award)

# Applying the Recommendations

Step 1: Develop High RAP Mix Concepts

Step 2: Verify changes using laboratory performance testing

Step 3: Develop plan for field trials

End Goal:

- Develop template for High RAP Mix Specification
- Choose tentative QC plan protocols

# Applying the Recommendations

Step 4: Begin pavement trials using developed mixture specification

Step 5: Evaluate RAP processing protocols, impact of mix changes on plant production

## End Goal:

- Pavement trials with control sections
- Develop tentative QC requirements

# Applying the Recommendations

Step 6: Collect data on field performance

Step 7: Use field performance to update template specifications

End Goal:

- Implementation of High RAP Mixture specification
- Implementation of QC protocols into third party certification

# Big Picture Planning

- Multi-year approach taking laboratory work and field trial evaluation into consideration
- Field trials can begin with conservative RAP contents relative to laboratory work
- Review cycle/process should be part of long-term plan for high RAP Mixtures



# Possible Mix Changes?

		Maximum RAP	Maximum FRAP		Performance Testing Criteria			
		By Weight		Corrective Optimum Asphalt Content	Based on Minimum Traffic Level: ***	Design Gyration	Minimum VMA	Gradation
Zone 1	Surface	25	30	60:40	Yes	Lower	+1.0%	SP9.5
	Base	30	35					SP12.5
Zone 2	Surface	30	35	60:40	Yes	Lower	+1.0%	SP9.5
	Base	35	40					SP12.5
Zone 3	Surface	30	35	75:25	Yes	Lower	+0.5%	SP9.5
	Base	40	45					SP12.5

\*\*Subject to laboratory and field evaluation

# Final Thoughts

- Much of the ideas we can use exist already, require Ontario specification adoption
- The process should be under discussion between all stakeholders
- There must be a commitment to collaborate
  - Report suggests pooled funding research projects
- RAP usage must continue to increase but implementation can be staged to reduce risk
  - Numerical targets should be set

*Thank you*